PEDIATRIC ROADMAP

Curricular Goals

Pediatrics is represented throughout all four years of the undergraduate medical school curriculum. In the first two Pre-Clerkship years, Pediatric knowledge is interspersed in the organ system teaching often with specific lectures that relay the Pediatric specific information.

Within the two-year Pre-clerkship curriculum is also a more hands on teaching where students do interact with Pediatric patients and their families. This is done in the Clinical Skills courses with a Pediatric Discipline Specific Performance Encounters (DSPE).

All third-year medical students during their clerkship year have a 6-week Pediatric Clinical Rotation.

In the fourth year there is elective rotations so students that are interested can further their knowledge if interested by pursuing Pediatric specific electives.

Summary

Pediatric objectives in year 1 to 2 are specific to each organ system. This forms the backbone of Pediatric knowledge that students get in their Pre-clerkship years. Along with the backbone of knowledge is the chance to interact and examine patients within the Pediatric age group that occurs in the Clinical skills courses in year 1 and 2.

Year 3 is a chance to add complexity as students transition to their clerkship years with the goal of achieving exit competencies. The third year 6 week Clinical Rotation in Pediatrics is a culmination of the background knowledge that was formed in the first 2 years of the curriculum and a chance to apply it in actual patients. This is supplemented with a review of common medical topics as well as with clerkship seminars during their rotation.

Year 4 serves as a chance to pursue further knowledge in Pediatrics if it is desired through electives.

YEAR ONE			
Course Name	Pediatric Content		
Medicine and Society I	 Community Experience: how CanMEDs roles contribute to wellbeing and health of patients, families, communities, and populations Cultural Safety and Competence: cultural awareness, sensitivity, and safety as it relates to patient, family and community centered care. Scenario: Indigenous 		

	 Human Life Course: how humans change physically and developmentally through childhood to aging Human Life Course: social-emotional/affective changes through life Human Life Course: how historical, social, economic, and cultural backgrounds affect families and health Indigenous people: Residential school experience 			
	7. Indigenous people: Indigenous child welfare			
Foundations of Clinical Medicine I:	 Normal human development Human nutrition (Diet & Health Micronutrients) Principles of genetics to the diagnosis and management of common genetic disorders and an approach to genetic counselling Immunology Embryology 			
	6. Genetics			
	7. Infectious Disease prevention- Vaccine schedules			
	8. Health Promotion and Illness Prevention (Ages & Stages, Maltreatment Awareness in Children and Adults, Nutritional Needs of Infants, Children and Adolescents, Anticipatory Health Care in Infant/Childhood/Adolescence Stages, Emotional Health and Cultural Connection, Healthy Sleep, Physical Activity, Dental Health)			
	 9. Hematology - Acquired and Inherited Bleeding Disorders - Approach to Acute Leukemias - Hemoglobinopathies - Hemolytic Anemias - Iron Deficiency Anemia 			
	Endocrine - Clinical Obesity - Diabetes Specific Populations - Pediatric Growth and Puberty - Transgender Medicine and Male Hormone Replacement			

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Medicine and Society II	Health Equity and Social Determinants of Health				
	 Environmental Health: Immunization Experiences in the Community: how CanMEDs roles contribute to well- 				
	being and health of patients, families, communities, and populations				
	4. Health Promotion				
	5. Orientation to Public Health, Prevention, and Screening				
	6. Patient and Family Centered Care (PFCC)				
	Gastrointestinal				
Foundations in Clinical	- Embryology of the GI tract				
Medicine II	- Approach to Acute Diarrhea				
	- Approach to Neonatal Jaundice				
	- Approach to Pediatric Abdominal Pain/Constipation				
	- Congenital GI Disorders Hereditary Liver Disease				
	Respiratory				
	- Asthma				
	- Newborn Respiratory Illness				
	- Pediatric Cough and Wheeze				
	 Pediatric Head and Neck infections: Otitis Media/Externa, Pharyngitis, Sinusitis, Cleft Lip and Palate 				
	 Pediatric Upper Airway Problems: Croup, Tracheitis, RPA, Epiglottitis, Foreign Body, Anaphylaxis 				
	- Sleep Disordered Breathing (Children)				
	- Embryology- Lung Development				
	- Pediatric Respiratory Cases				
	- Pediatric Stridor Cases				

	Cardiovascular					
	- Clinical Approach to Pediatric Congenital Heart Disease					
	- Embryology					
	- General Approach to Murmurs					
	- Genetics/Epigenetics					
	- Pediatric Heart Failure					
	Dermatology					
	- Pediatric Dermatology					
	- Drug Reactions/Reaction Patterns					
	- Skin Manifestations of Internal Disease					
Clinical	Discipline Specific Patient Encounters: Pediatrics					
Skills II	Pediatrics Interviewing and Physical ExamPediatrics Parent Interactive Session					
	- DSPE Introduction to the Peds History and Physical Exam					
	- DSPE GI/ENT					
	- DSPE CV/Resp					
YEAR TWO						
Foundations of Clinical	MSK/Orthopedics					
Medicine III	- Diagnosis and Treatment of Infections of Bones and Joints					
	- Pediatric Foot Disorders					
	- Pediatric Hip Disorders					
	- Pediatric Orthopedic Trauma					
	- Lower Extremity Concerns in Children and Pediatric Normal Variants					
	- Pediatric Rheumatology					
	- Pediatric Spine Disorders					

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	Neurology - Introduction to Pediatric Neurology - Cerebral Palsy and Hypotonia - Neuroinfections and Cases - Pediatric Headache - Pediatric Neurocutaneous Disorders - Pediatric Epilepsy - Congenital Brain Anomalies - Hydrocephaly - Pediatric Neurology Cases - Ophthalmology				
	Mental Health - Eating Disorders - Neurodevelopmental Disorders I/II - Normal Psychosocial Development				
Clinical Skills III	DSPE Pediatrics - Review Pediatrics History and Physical Exam - Pediatrics Parent Interactive Session - DSPE Pediatric Development - DSPE Pediatric Neurology				
Foundations in Clinical Medicine IV	Nephrology - Genitourinary and Renal Embryology - Pediatric Nephrology - BP/Hypertension - Acute and chronic renal insufficiency - Proteinuria/Hematuria - Pediatric Urology - Antenatal hydronephrosis - Bladder and Bowel Control - Enuresis - UTI - Vesicoureteric Reflux - Circumcision - Testicular Descent - Cryptorchidism - Pediatric Urology cases				

	Reproductive Health - Fetal Growth Restriction - Perinatal Infection and Alloimmunization - Pediatric Gynecology (Normal and Abnormal) - Perinatal Loss and Palliative Care - Physiology of Pregnancy, Teratology - Breastfeeding - Prenatal Diagnosis and Antepartum Surveillance and Cases - Puberty (Normal and Abnormal) - Sexual Health and Diversity Multisystem and Complex Care - Failure to thrive - Complex care of children and youth
Clinical Skills IV	DSPE Pediatrics - DSPE Pediatric Newborn Exam
-	YEAR THREE
Pediatric Clinical Rotation	6 weeks 3 weeks inpatient 3 weeks outpatient Clerkship Seminars - Neonatal Issues - Respiratory Distress - Pediatric Dermatology - Fever/Infection/Immunizations - Endocrine - Common Pediatric Issues - Pediatric Emergencies - Development - Genetics/Metabolics Emergency Depatment Teaching Saskatoon: SIM/Case Based Teaching Regina NICU Teaching

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	- Abnormal Stature		
	- Child Abuse		
	- Developmental Delay		
	- Eating Disorders		
	- Hypotonic Infant		
	- Immigrant/Refugee Health		
	- Immunization		
	- Intrauterine Growth Restriction (IUGR)		
	- Measles		
	- Neonatal Distress		
	- Neonatal Jaundice		
	- Newborn Assessment		
	- Oral Conditions		
	- Pediatric Constipation		
	- Pediatric Urinary Incontinence/Enuresis		
	- Periodic Health Exam		
	- Prematurity		
	- Puberty (including Amenorrhea)		
	- Red Eye		
	- Scrotal Pain		
	- SIDS		
	- Strabismus/Amblyopia		
	- Viral Exanthem skin rash		
YEAR FOUR			
Clinical Rotations II	Elective: Pediatric opportunities		

Abdominal Pain in Children

Selected Topics in Medicine